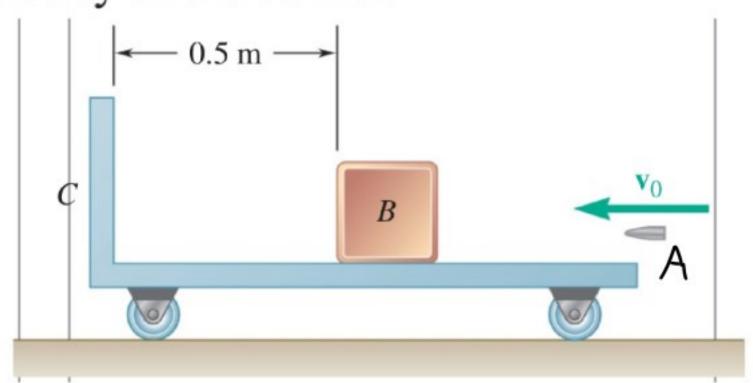
Midterm
Thursday - Saturday

Everything through Assignment 7

Motion of the Moss Center

$$\vec{F}_i''$$
 Vector from center of mass to P_i $\vec{V}_i = \vec{V} + \vec{V}_i'$

A 30-g bullet is fired with a horizontal velocity of 450 m/s and becomes embedded in block B, which has a mass of 3 kg. After the impact, block B slides on 30-kg carrier C until it impacts the end of the carrier. Knowing the impact between B and C is perfectly plastic and the coefficient of kinetic friction between B and C is 0.2, determine (a) the velocity of the bullet and B after the first impact, (b) the final velocity of the carrier.



$$L_A + b_B = L'_A + L'_B$$

$$V'_A = V'_B$$

$$0.03(450) = V_{B}'(0.03+3)$$

$$m_A V_A = m_A V_A' + m_B V_B' + m_L V_L' = m_A V_L' + m_B V_B' + m_C V_L'$$

$$= V_L' (m_A + m_B + m_C)$$

$$(0.03(450) = V_c'(0.03+3+30)$$

$$V_{c}' = \frac{0.03(450)}{0.03+3+30} \neq 0.4 \frac{\text{M}_{\text{S}}}{0.4}$$

An airline employee tosses two suitcases in rapid succession, with a horizontal velocity of 7.2 ft/s, onto a 50-lb baggage carrier which is initially at rest. (a) Knowing that the final velocity of the baggage carrier is 3.6 ft/s and that the first suitcase the employee tosses onto the carrier has a weight of 30 lb, determine the weight of the other suitcase. (b) What would be the final velocity of the carrier if the employee reverses the order in which he tosses the suitcases?

