

$$MRR = \pi D_{avg} d f N$$

$$\frac{\text{Volume}}{\text{time}}$$

$$D_{avg} = \frac{D_0 + D_f}{2}$$

$$MRR = d f V$$

$$t = \frac{l}{f N}$$

D_0 original diameter

D_f final diameter

D_{avg} average diameter

d depth of cut

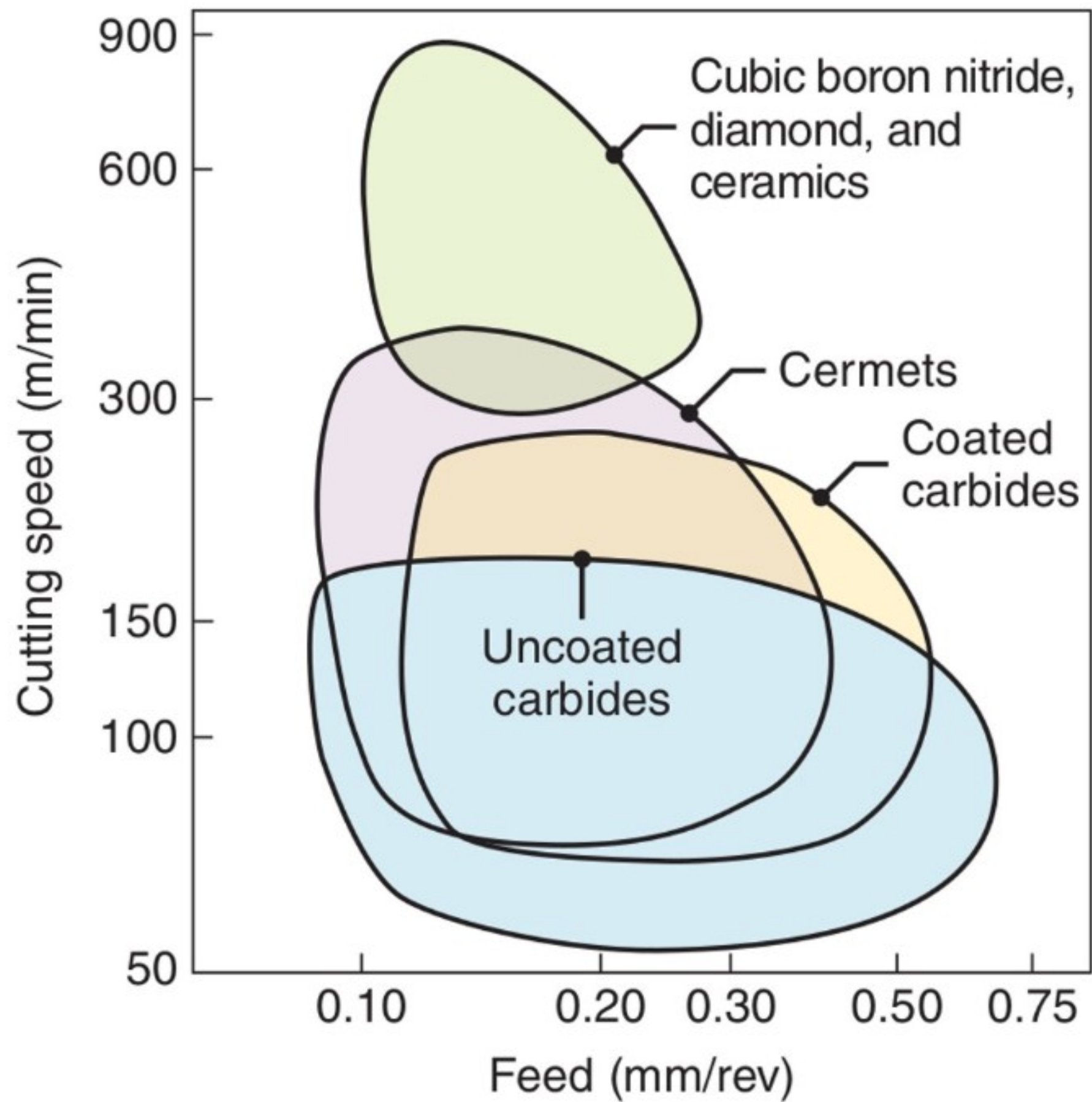
f feed rate

N rotational velocity

t cutting time

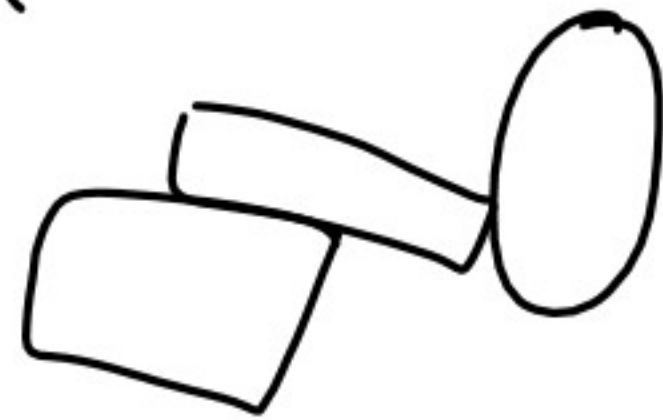
l cut distance

N	=	Rotational speed of the workpiece, rpm
f	=	Feed, mm/rev
v	=	Feed rate, or linear speed of the tool along workpiece length, mm/min
	=	fN
V	=	Surface speed of workpiece, m/min
	=	$\pi D_o N$ (for maximum speed)
	=	$\pi D_{avg} N$ (for average speed)
l	=	Length of cut, mm
D_o	=	Original diameter of workpiece, mm
D_f	=	Final diameter of workpiece, mm
D_{avg}	=	Average diameter of workpiece, mm
	=	$(D_o + D_f) / 2$
d	=	Depth of cut, mm
	=	$(D_o - D_f) / 2$
t	=	Cutting time, s
	=	l / fN
MRR	=	mm^3 / min
	=	$\pi D_{avg} d f N$
Torque	=	N-m
<u> </u>	=	$F_c D_{avg} / 2$
Power	=	kW
<u> </u>	=	(Torque) (ω), where $\omega = 2\pi N$ rad/min



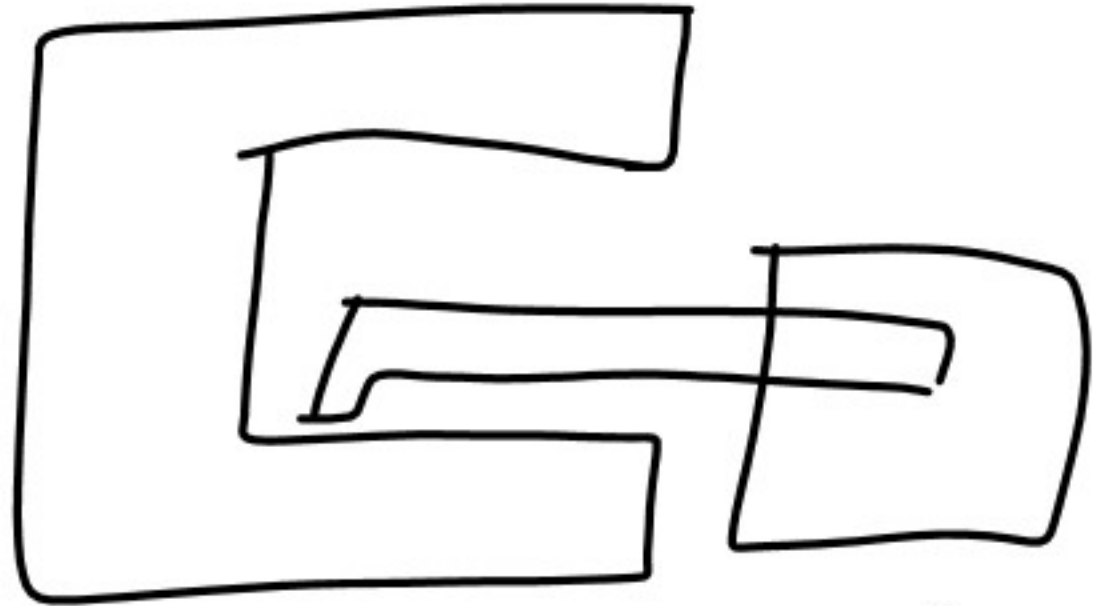
Workpiece material	Cutting tool	General-purpose starting conditions			Range for roughing and finishing		
		Depth of cut, mm	Feed, mm/rev	Cutting speed, m/min	Depth of cut, mm	Feed, mm/rev	Cutting speed, m/min
Low-C and free machining steels	Uncoated carbide	1.5–6.3	0.35	90	0.5–7.6	0.15–1.1	60–135
	Ceramic-coated carbide	"	"	245–275	"	"	180–495
	Triple-coated carbide	"	"	185–200	"	"	90–245
	TiN-coated carbide	"	"	105–150	"	"	60–230
	Al ₂ O ₃ ceramic	"	0.25	395–440	"	"	365–550
	Cermet	"	0.30	215–290	"	"	180–455
Medium and high-C steels	Uncoated carbide	1.2–4.0	0.30	75	2.5–7.6	0.15–0.75	135–225
	Ceramic-coated carbide	"	"	185–230	"	"	120–410
	Triple-coated carbide	"	"	120–150	"	"	75–215
	TiN-coated carbide	"	"	90–200	"	"	45–215
	Al ₂ O ₃ ceramic	"	0.25	335	"	"	245–455
	Cermet	"	0.25	170–245	"	"	105–305
Cast iron, gray	Uncoated carbide	1.25–6.3	0.32	90	0.4–12.7	0.1–0.75	75–185
	Ceramic-coated carbide	"	"	200	"	"	120–365
	TiN-coated carbide	"	"	90–135	"	"	60–215
	Al ₂ O ₃ ceramic	"	0.25	455–490	"	"	365–855
	SiN ceramic	"	0.32	730	"	"	200–990
	Polycrystalline cBN	"	"	1000	"	"	200–1160

Chatter



Increase stiffness
Increase depth of
feed per rev

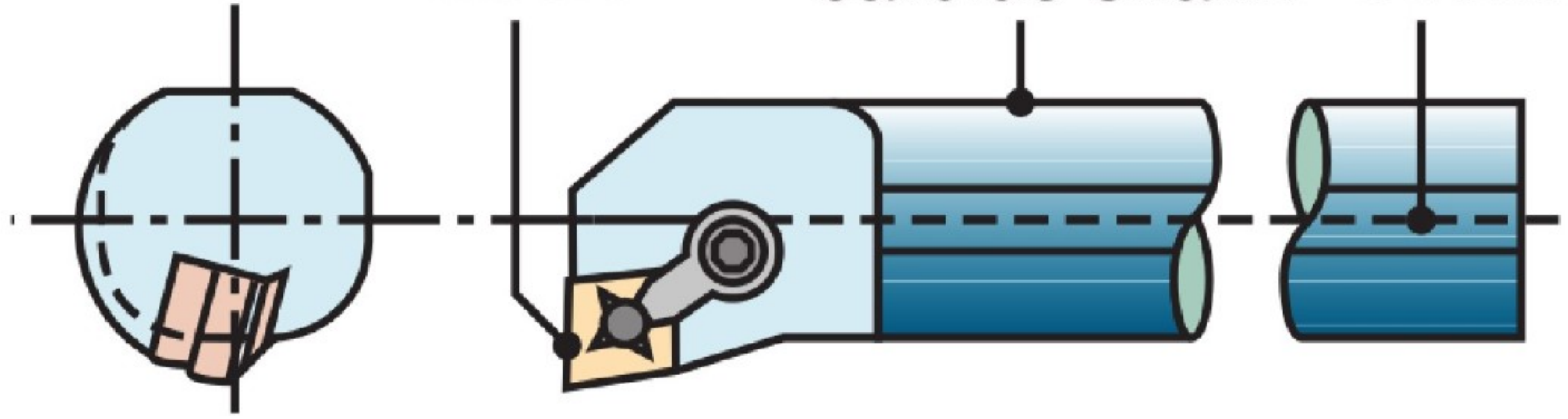
Damping
Cast iron



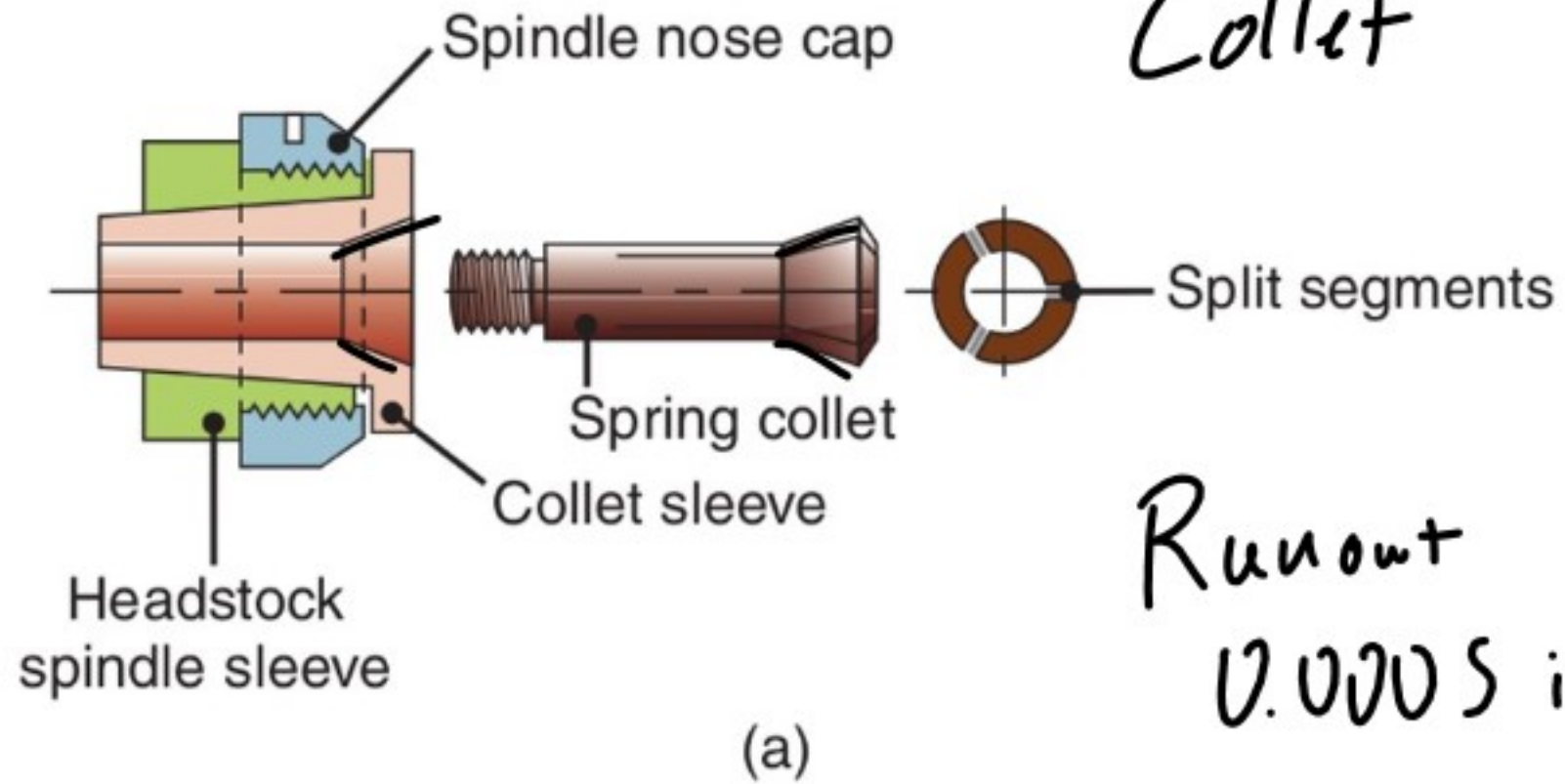
Insert

Steel or
carbide shank

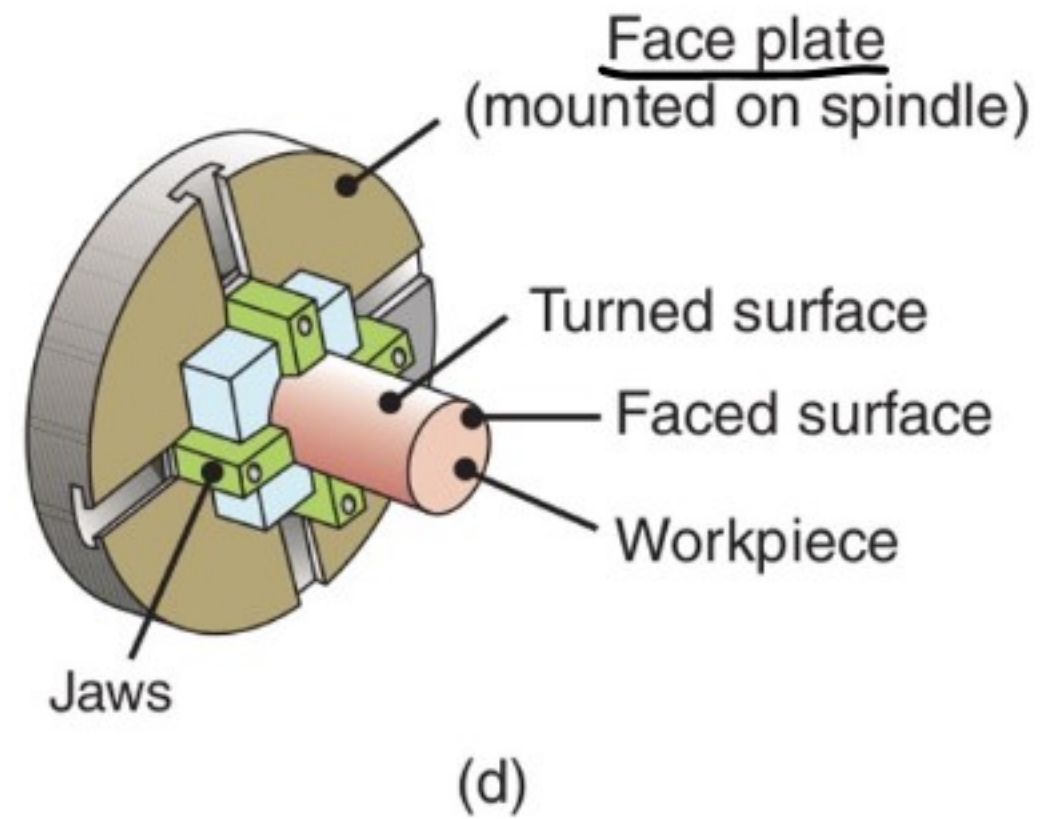
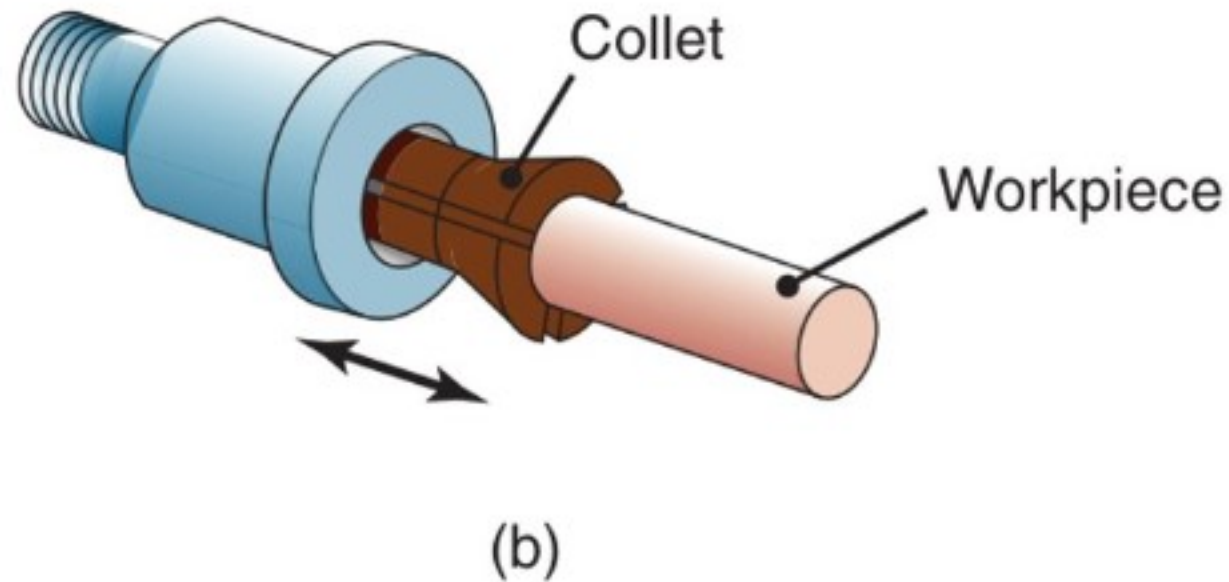
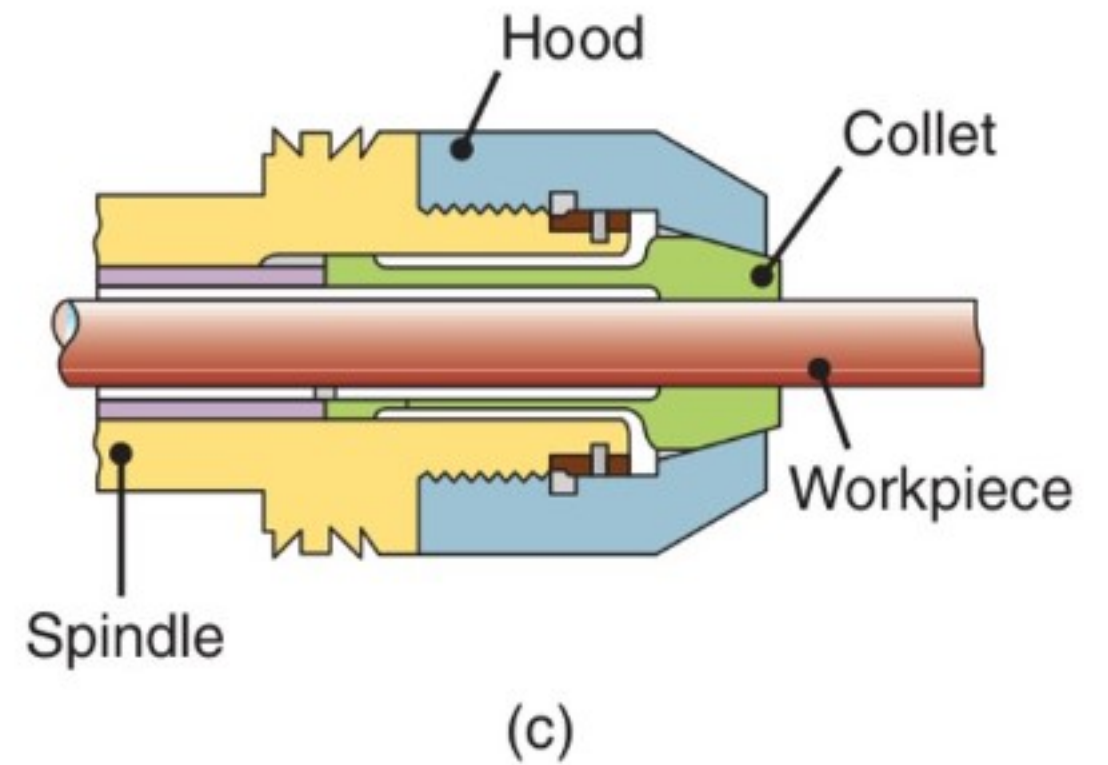
Coolant



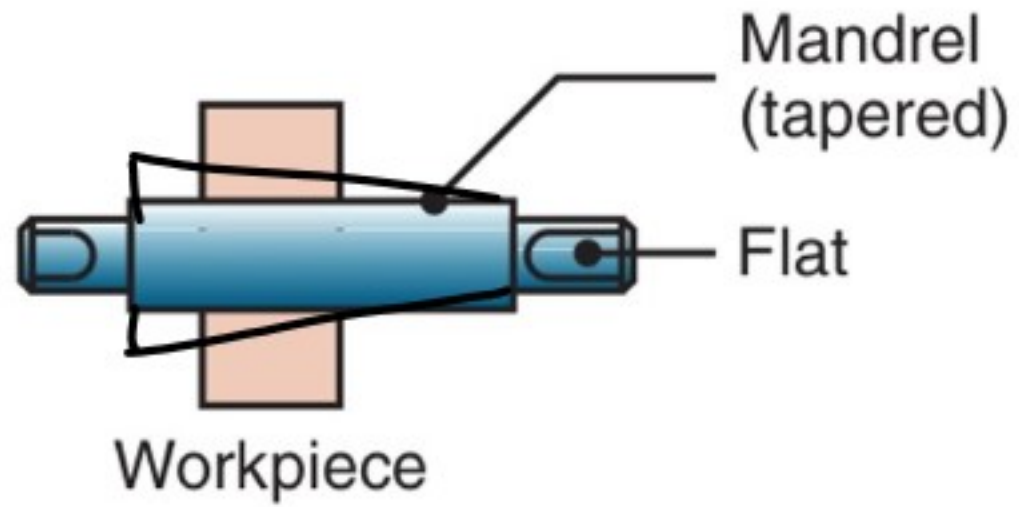
Collet



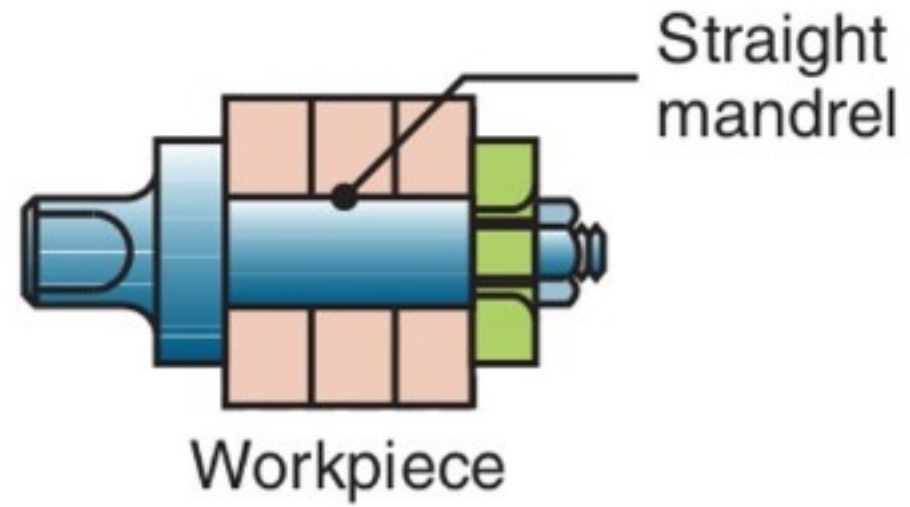
Runout
0.0005 in



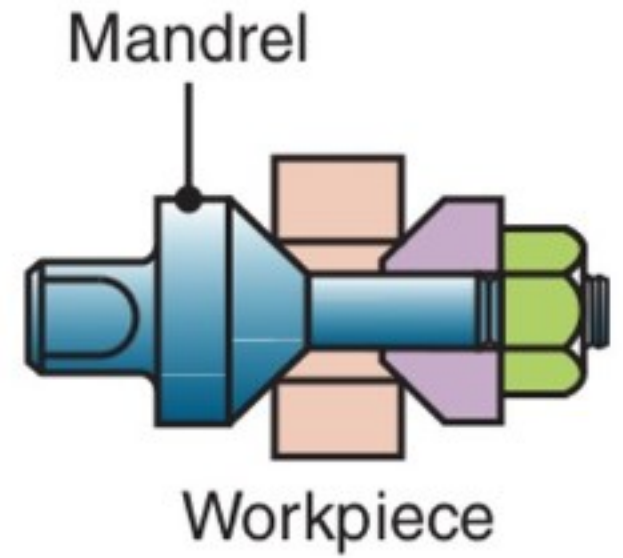
Mandrel



(a) Solid mandrel

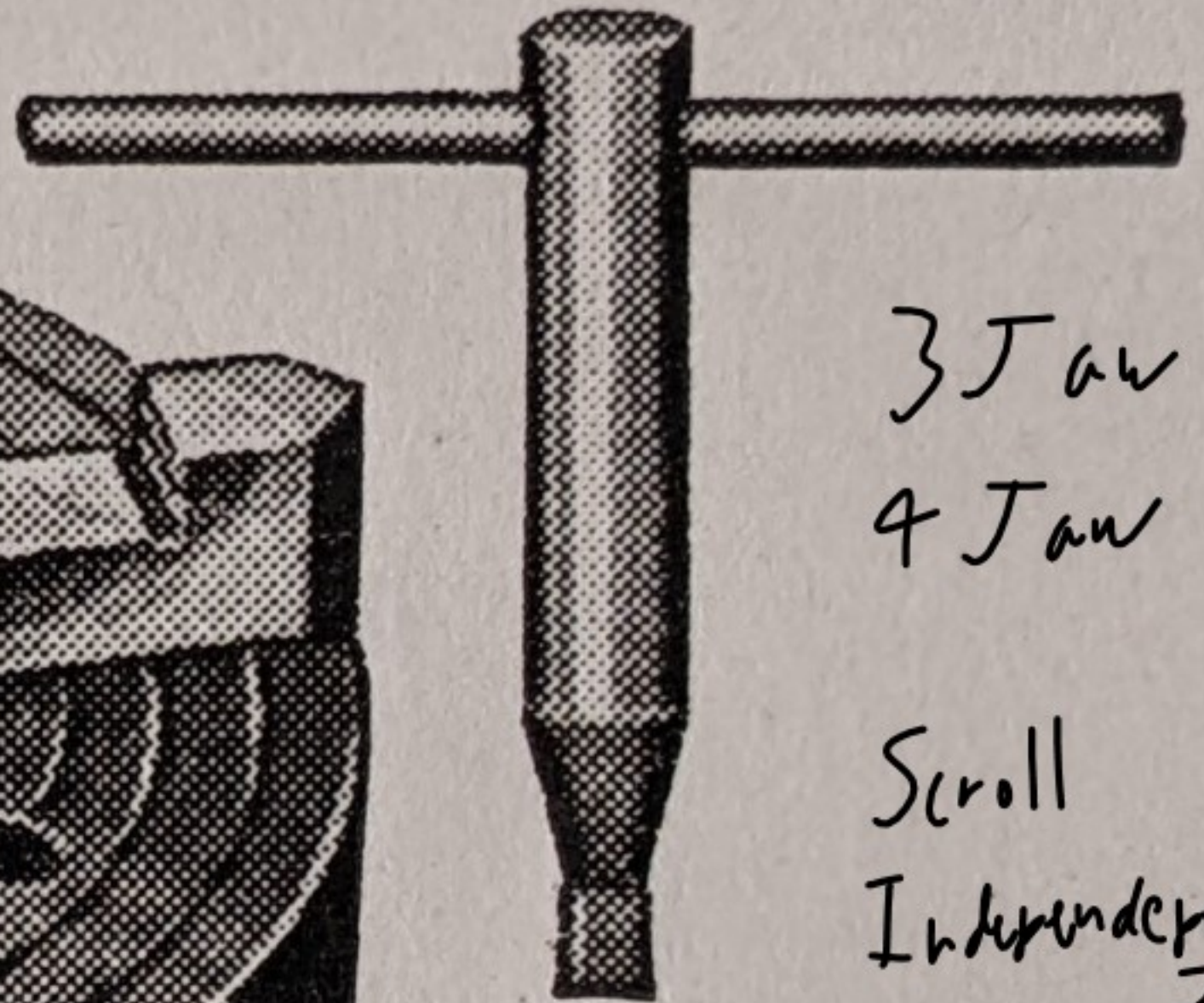
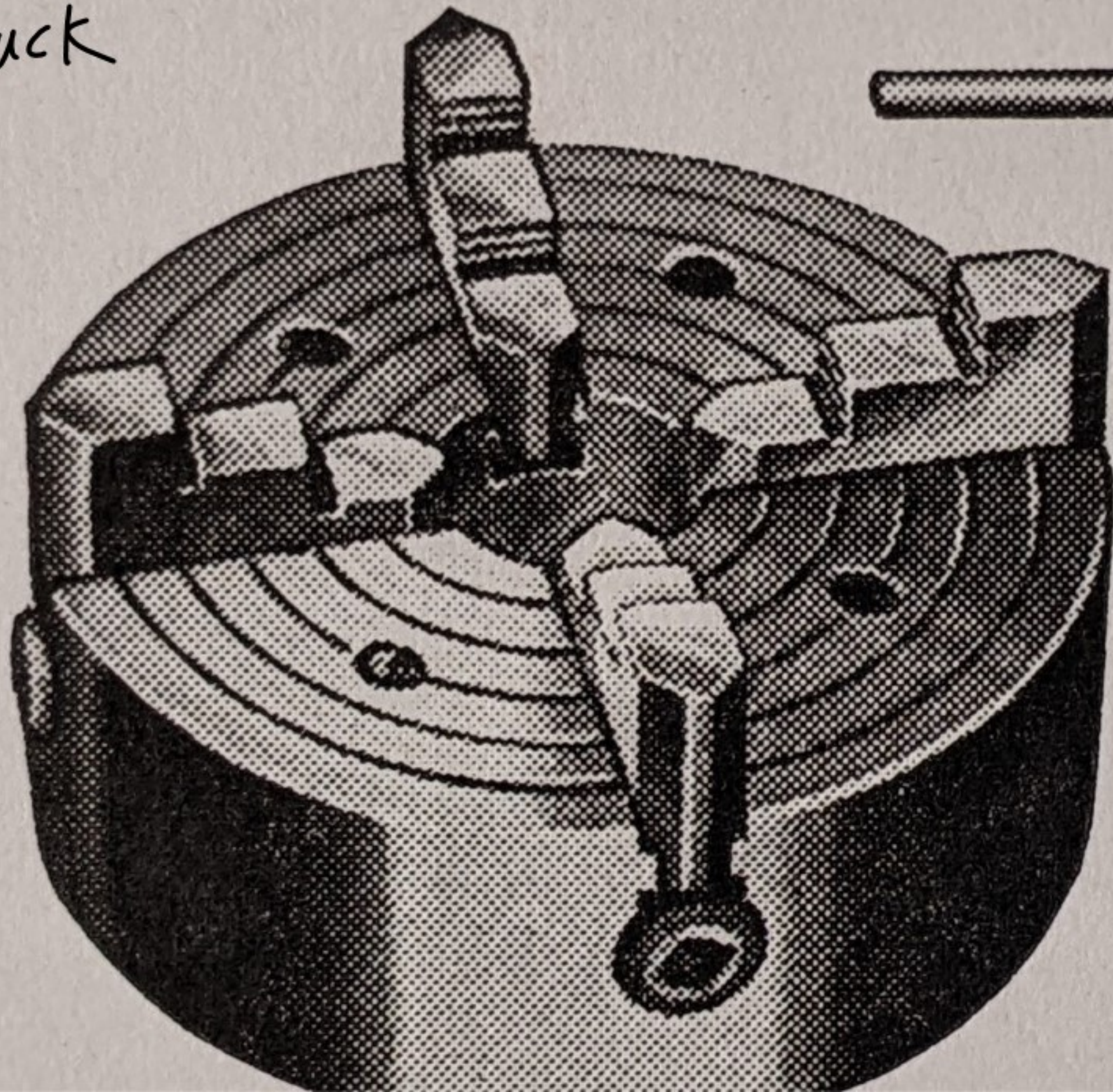


(b) Gang mandrel



(c) Cone mandrel

Chuck



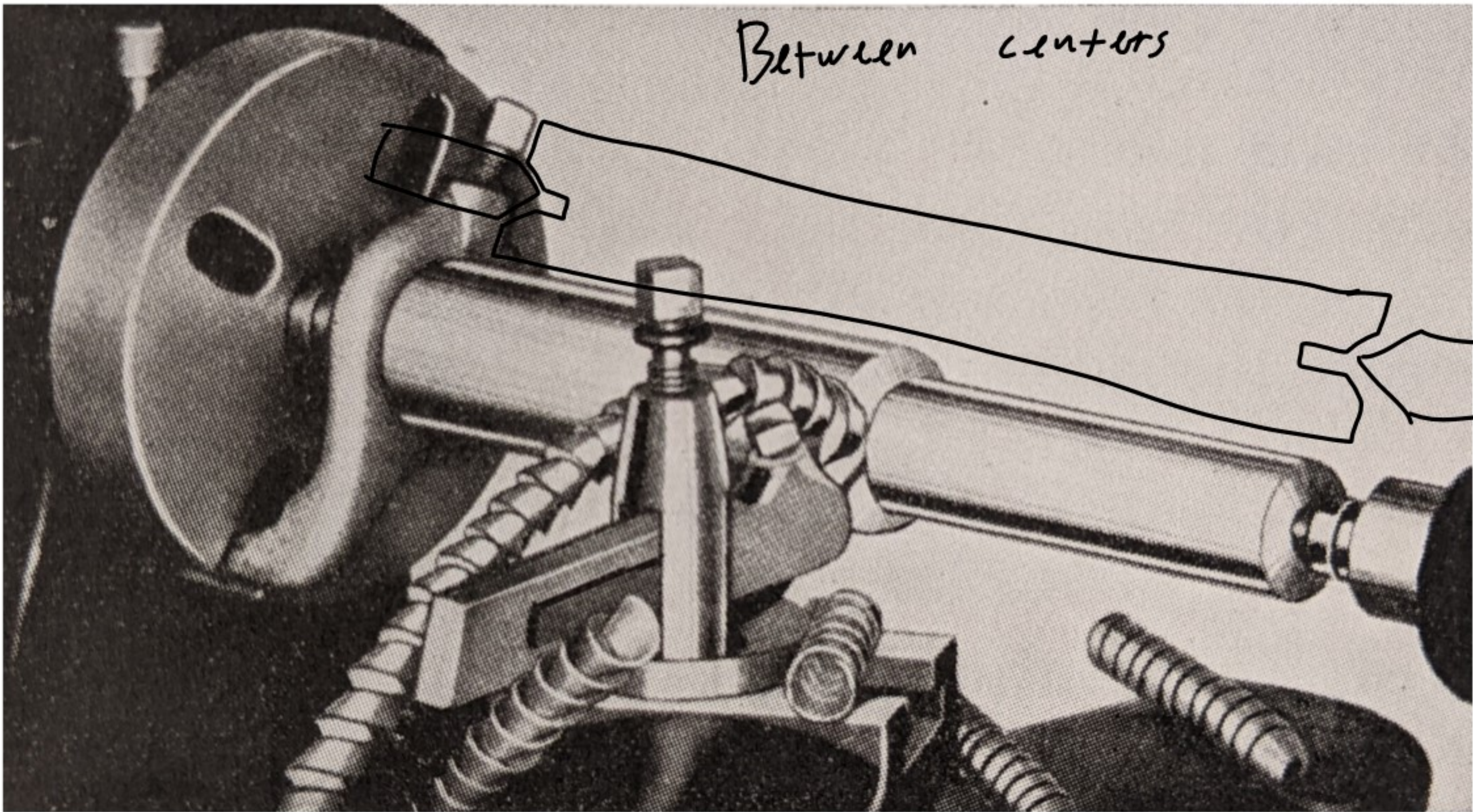
3 Jaw

4 Jaw

Scroll

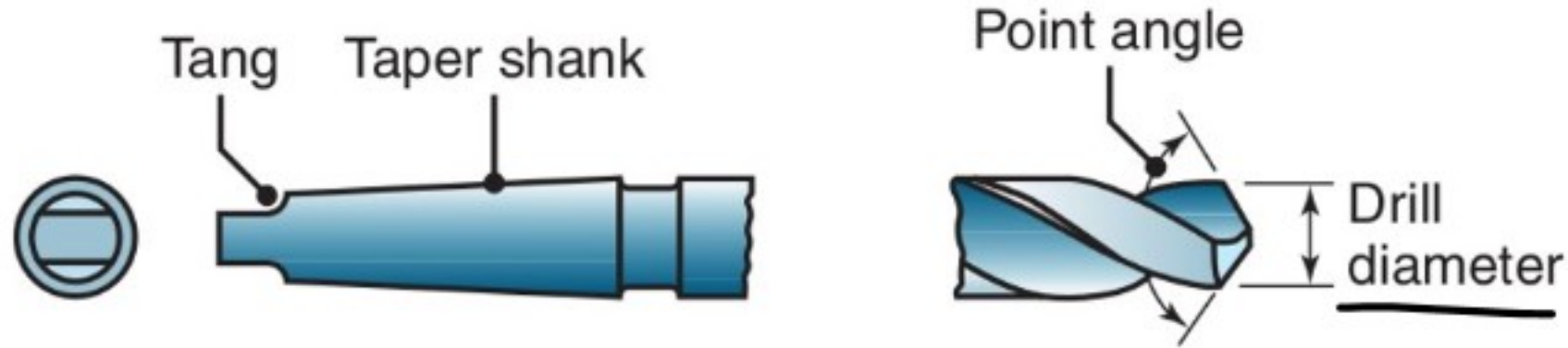
Independent
Jaws

Between centers



Drills

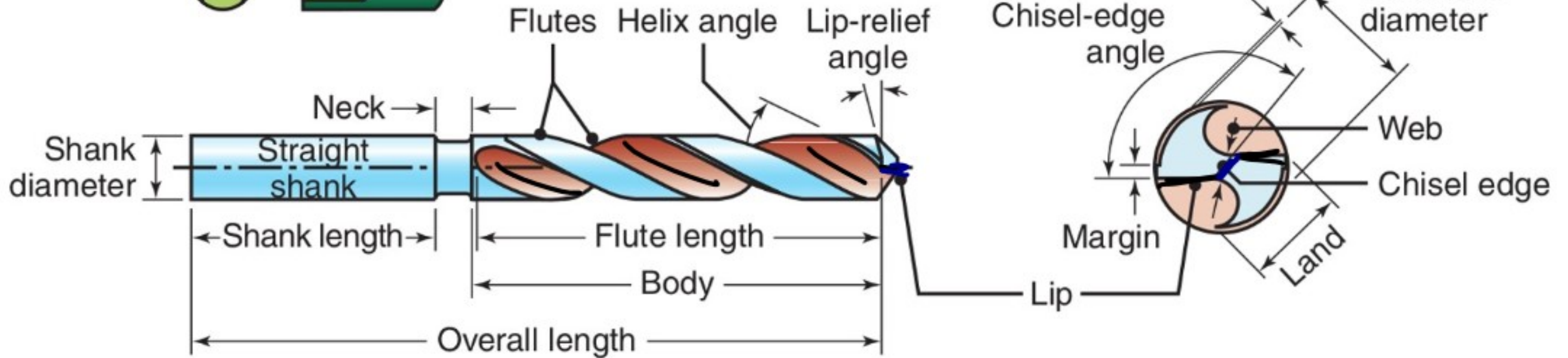
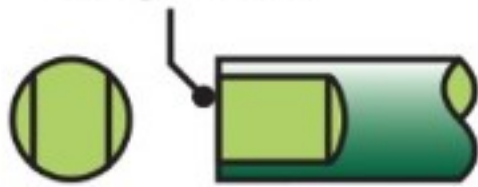
Chisel-edge drill



tolerance

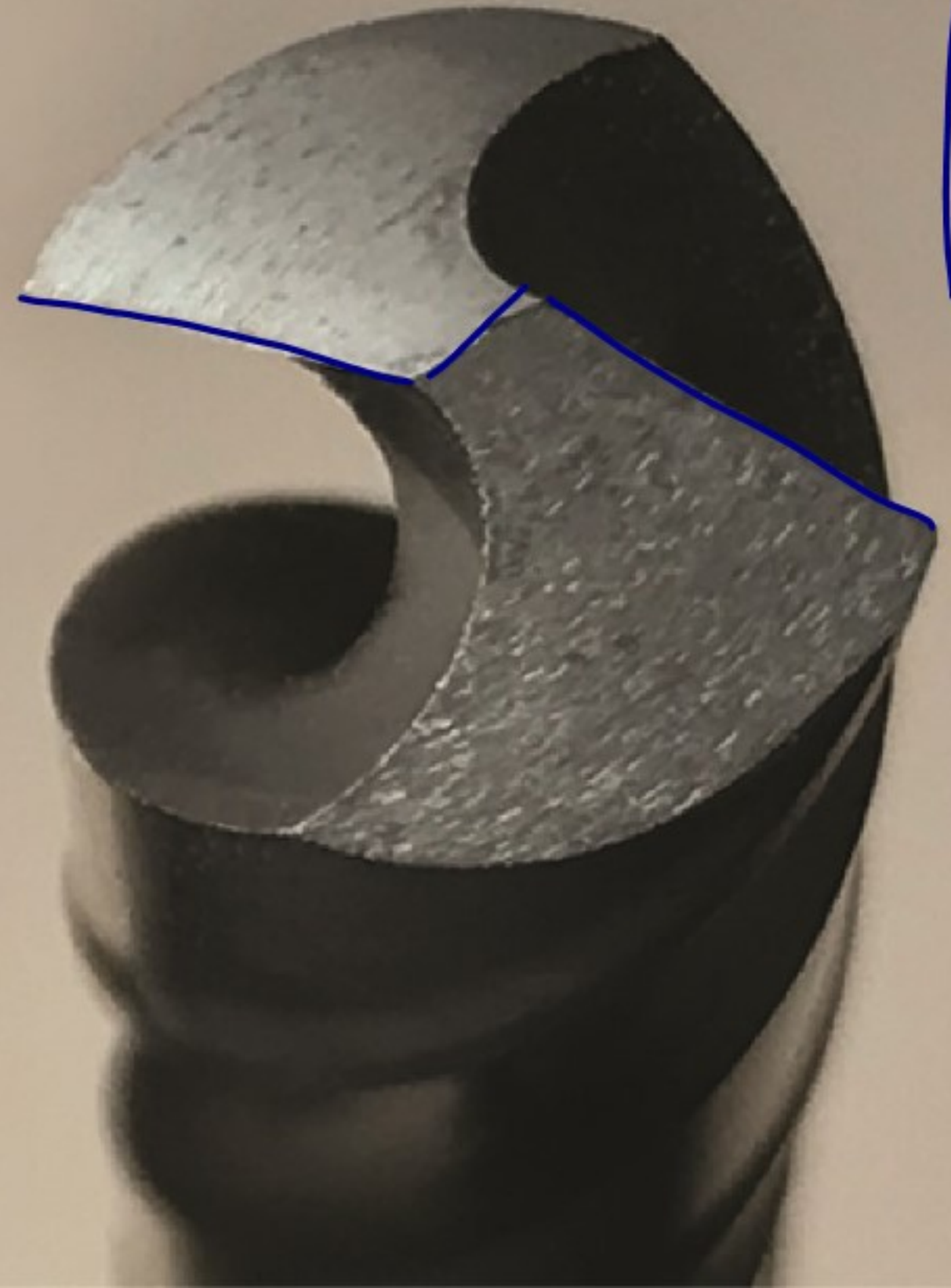
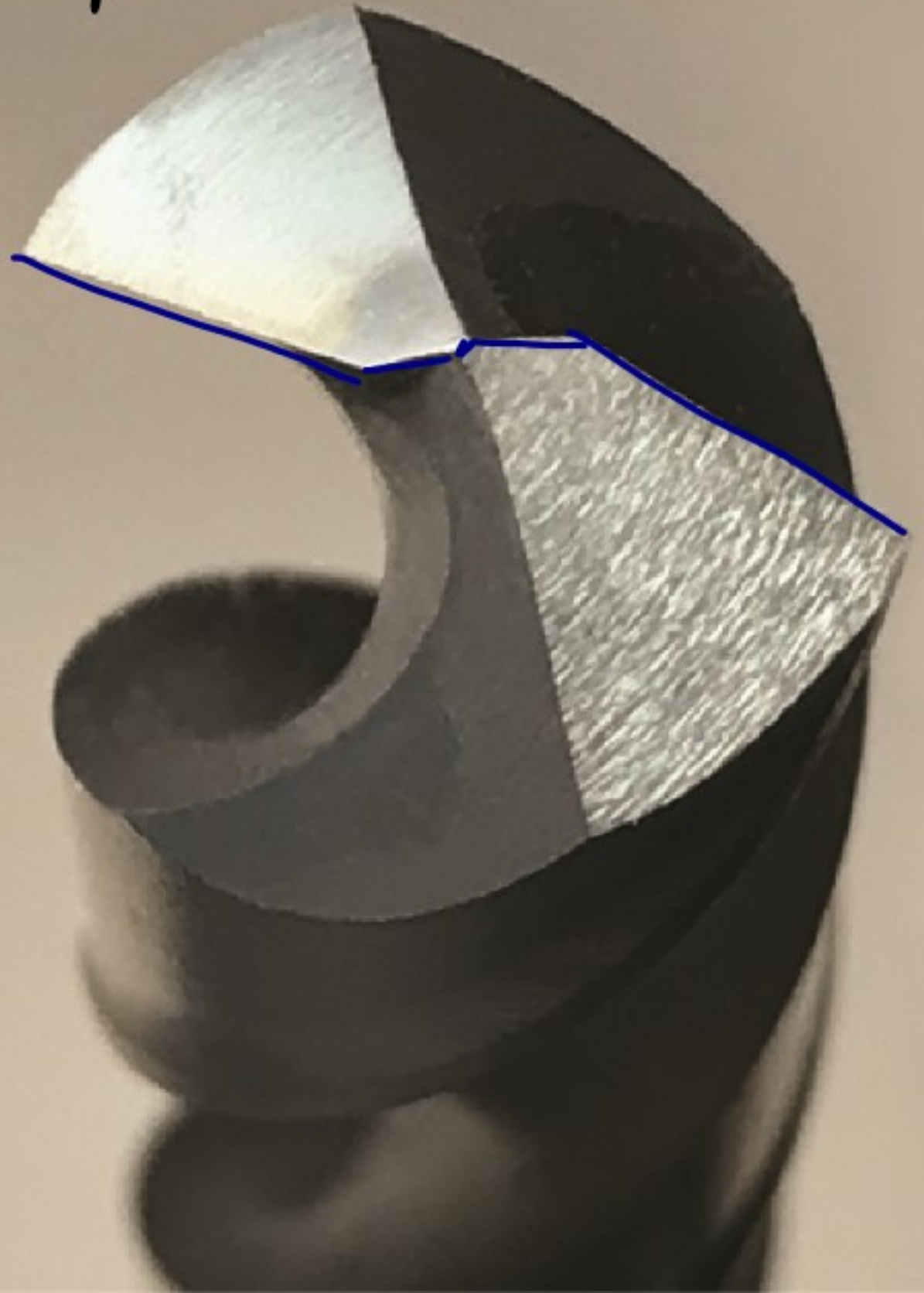
0.005 in

Tang drive



Split Point

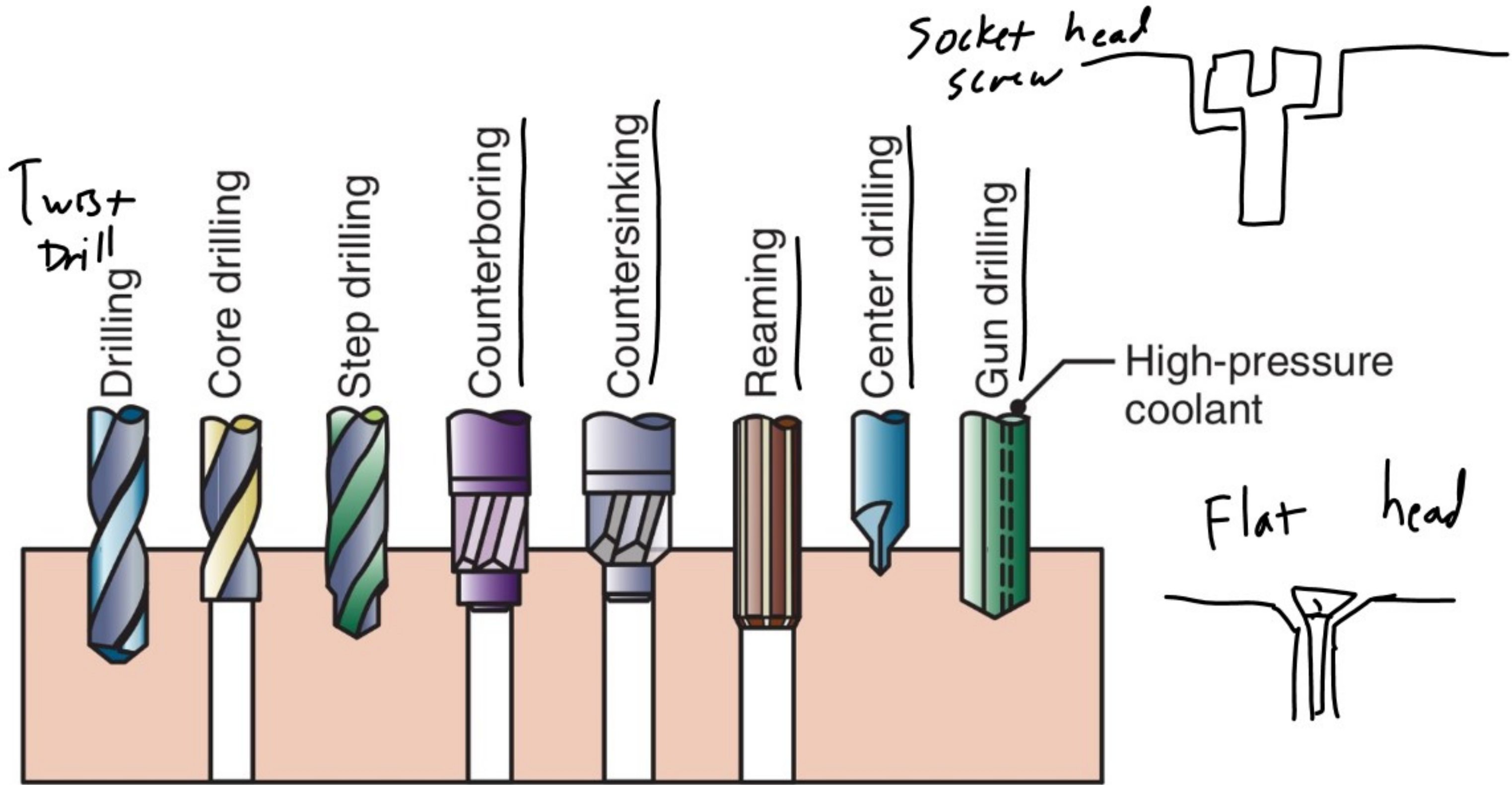
Chisel Point



$$MRR = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} f N$$

Torque Power from specific energy

Feeds and Speeds from table



Twist Drill



Core drilling



Step drilling



Counterboring



Countersinking



Reaming



Center drilling

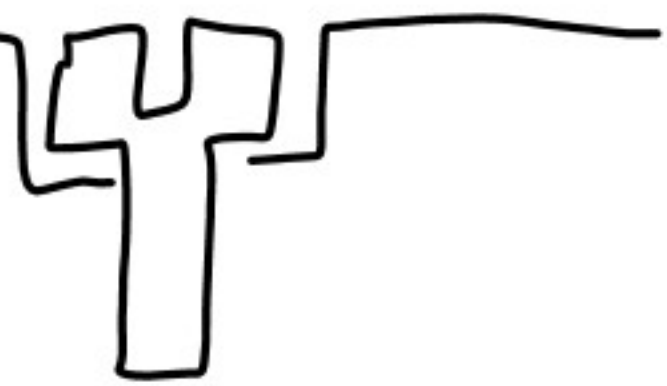


Gun drilling



High-pressure coolant

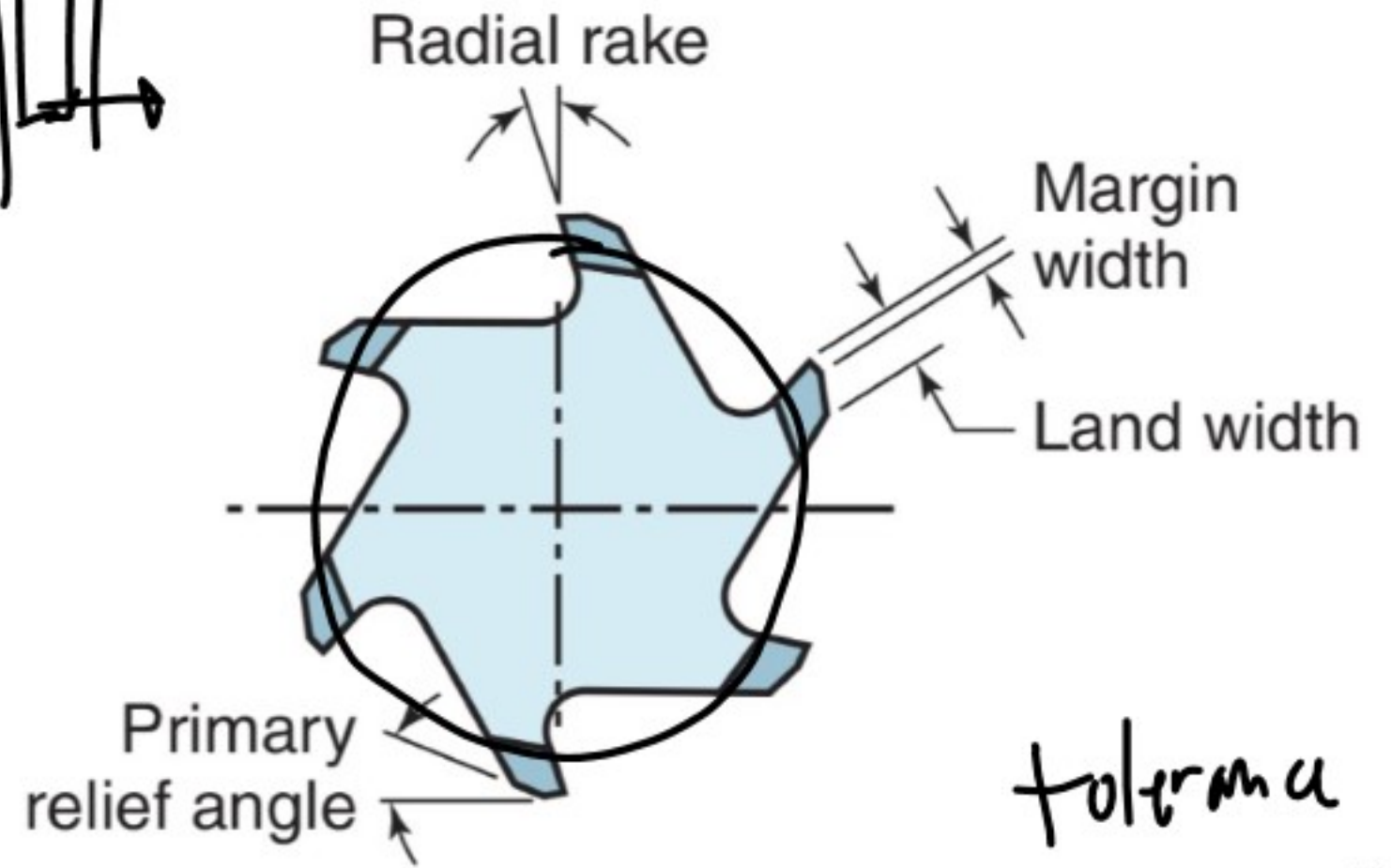
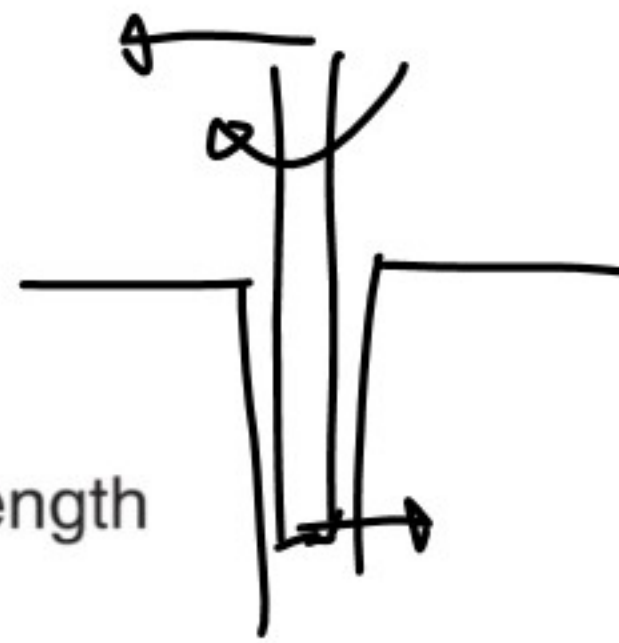
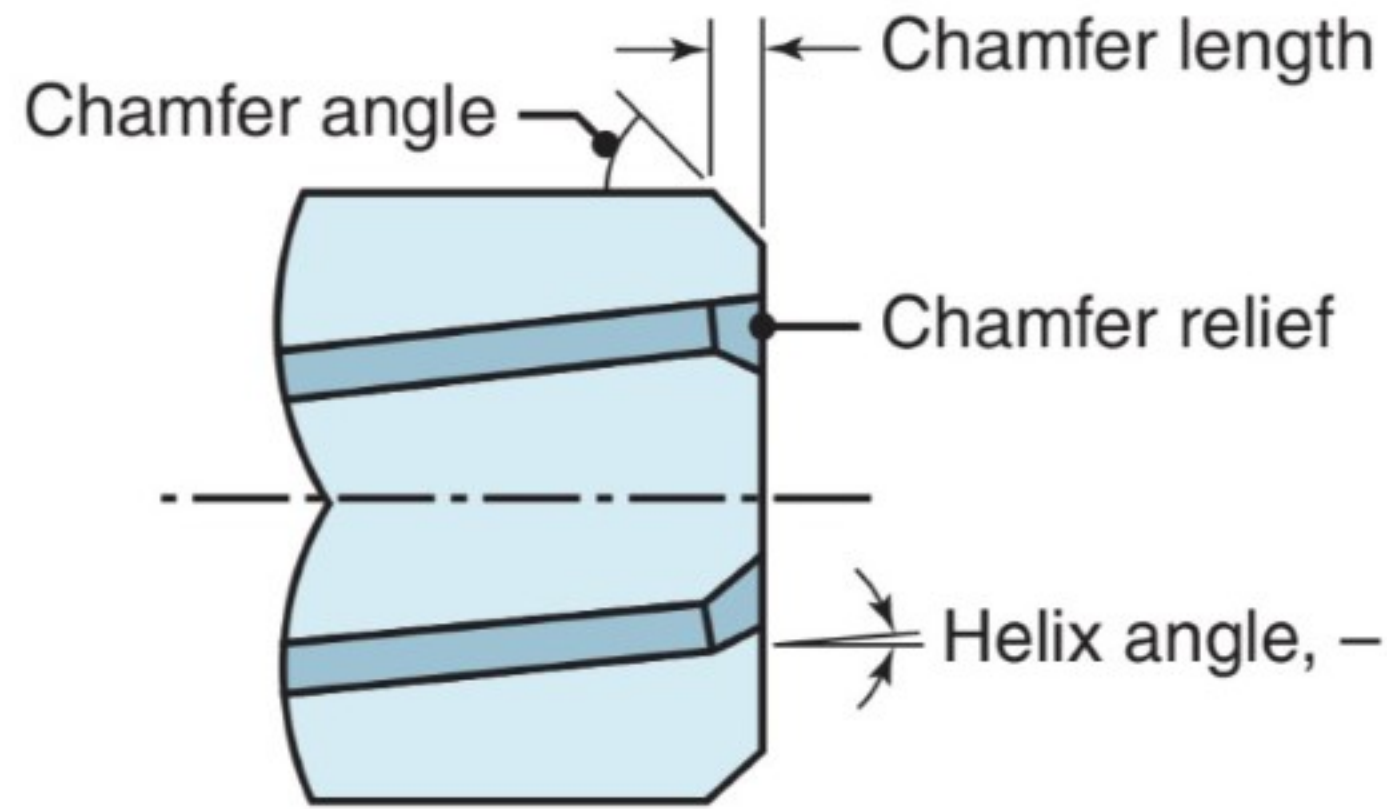
Socket head screw



Flat head



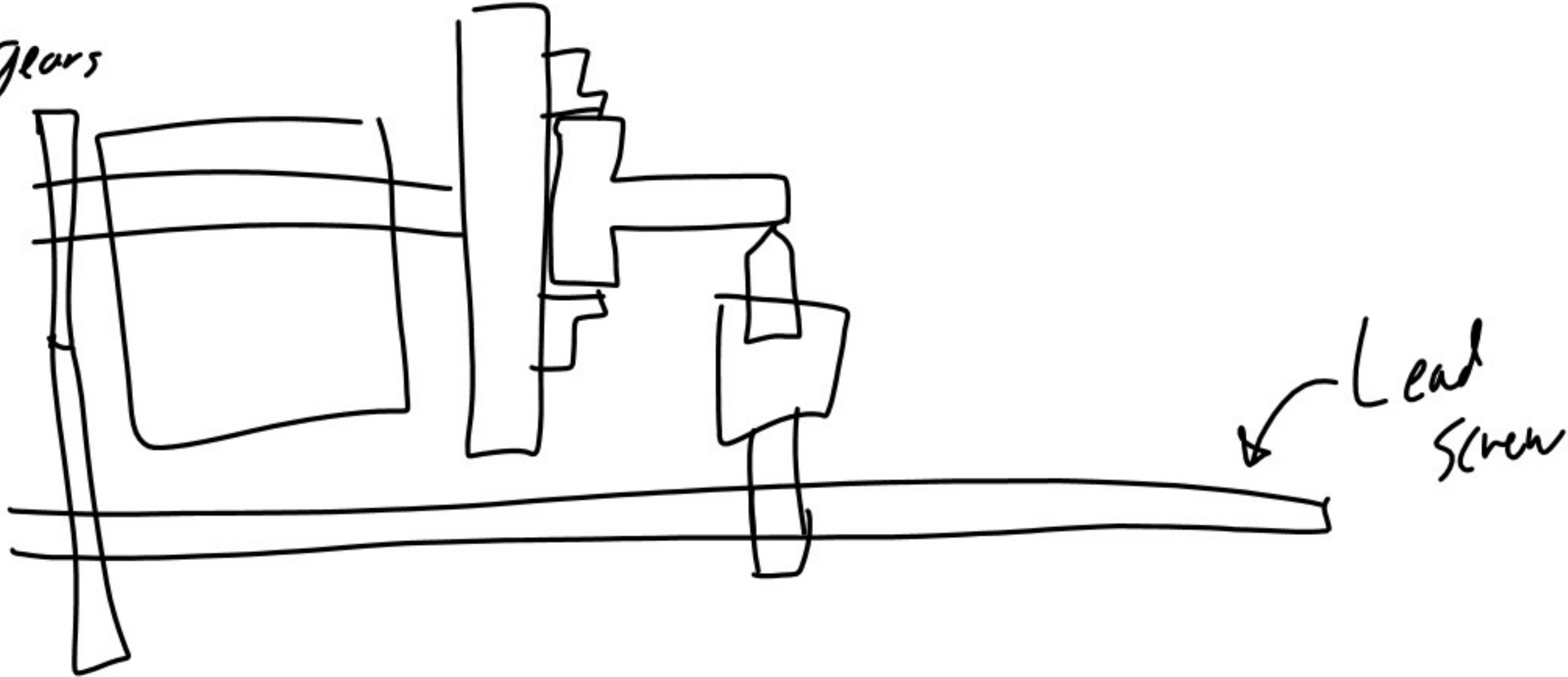
Reamer



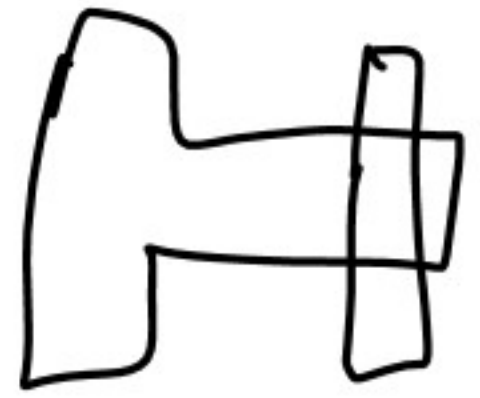
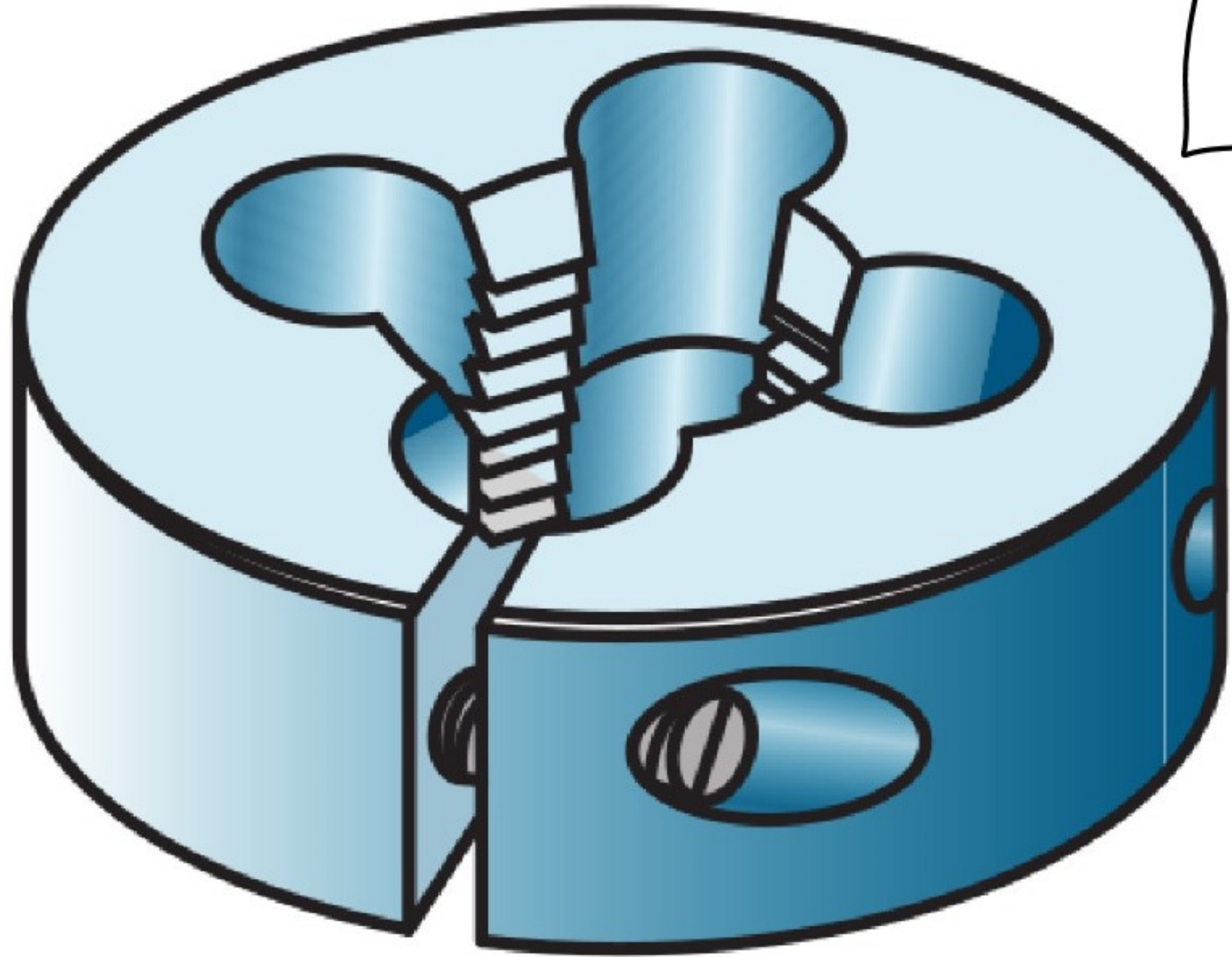
tolerance
0.0005 in

Threading

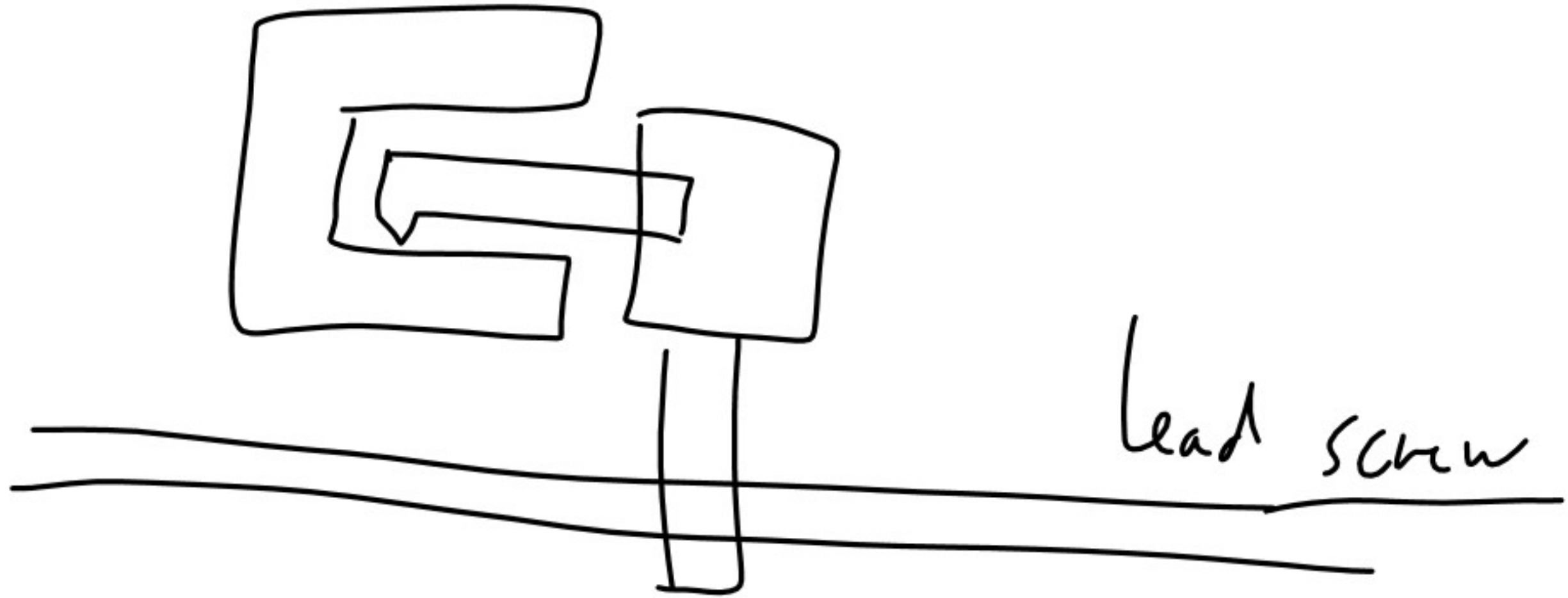
Gears



Die

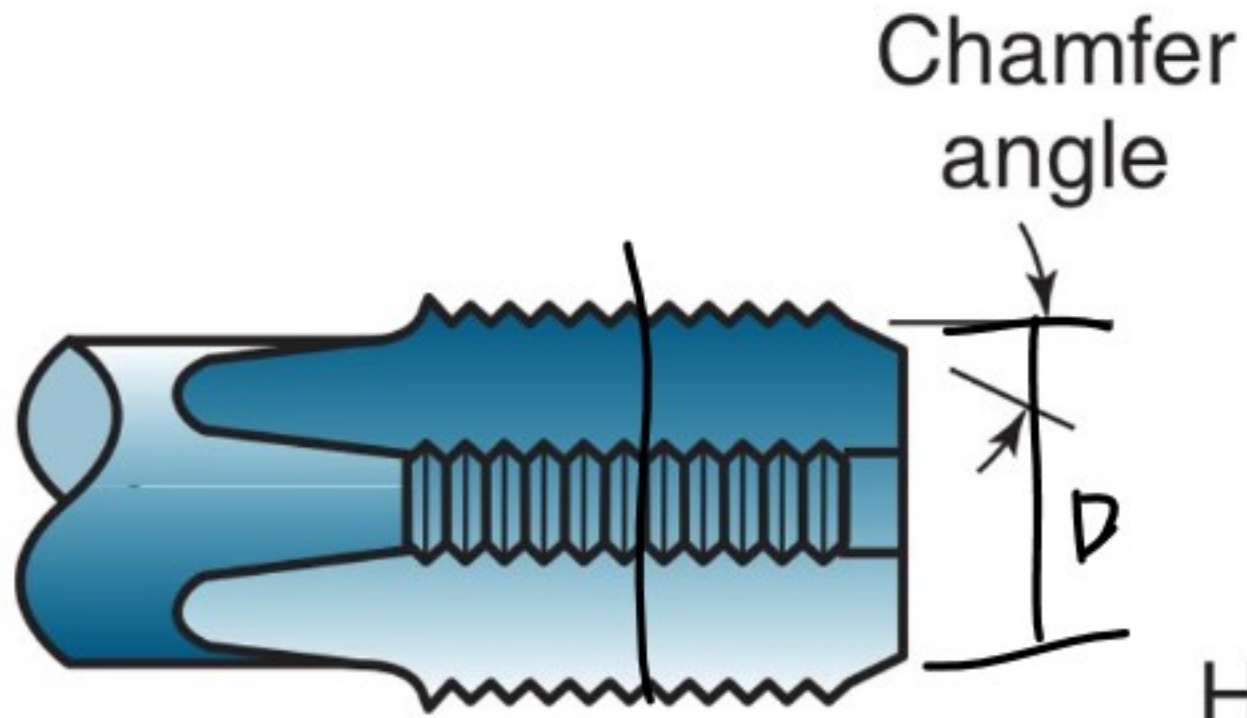


Internal Threads



Tap

Drill → tap



Chamfer relief

Land

Heel

Cutting edge

