

Finite Difference Transient Heat Eq'n

$$\nabla^2 T + \frac{\dot{q}}{k} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t}$$

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2}$$

$$t = p \Delta t$$

$$F_0 = \frac{\alpha \Delta t}{\Delta x^2}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \right|_{m,n} \approx \frac{T_{m,n}^{p+1} - T_{m,n}^p}{\Delta t}$$

$$T_{m,n}^{p+1} = F_0 (T_{m+1,n}^p + T_{m-1,n}^p + T_{m,n+1}^p + T_{m,n-1}^p) + (1 - F_0) T_{m,n}^p$$

Table 5.3

$$16 \times 16 = 256$$

$$160 \times 160 = 25,600$$

$$20 \times 20 \times 100 = 40000$$

Two large blocks of different materials, such as aluminum and glass, have been sitting in a room (20°C) for a very long time. Which of the two blocks, if either, will feel warmer to the touch? Assume the blocks to be semi-infinite solids and your hand to be at a temperature of 37°C.

$$T_{ai} = 37^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_{bi} = 20^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_s = \frac{\sqrt{k_a \rho_a c_a} T_{ai} + \sqrt{k_b \rho_b c_b} T_{bi}}{\sqrt{k_a \rho_a c_a} + \sqrt{k_b \rho_b c_b}}$$

	k	ρ	c	$\sqrt{k \rho c}$
Glass	1.4	2500	750	1620
Aluminum	237	2702	903	29047
Aerogel	0.017	80	1800	45

$$.03 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{cm}^3} \left(\frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1000 \text{ g}} \right) \left(\frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}} \right)^3$$

$$= 80 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$1.8 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{g}^\circ\text{C}} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}} \right) = 1800 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}^\circ\text{C}}$$