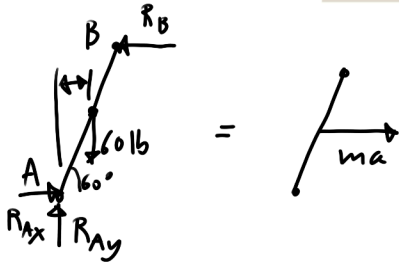
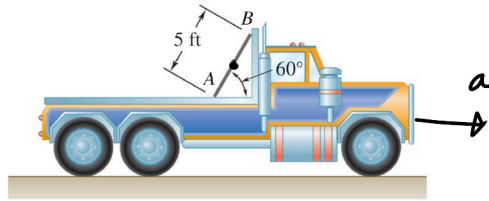


A 60-lb uniform thin panel is placed in a truck with end A resting on a rough horizontal surface and end B supported by a smooth vertical surface. Knowing that the panel remains in the position shown, determine (a) the maximum allowable acceleration of the truck, (b) the corresponding minimum required coefficient of static friction at end A.

$$R_B = 0$$



$$\sum F_x = m a_x$$

$$\sum M_G = I \alpha \quad \alpha = 0$$

$$\sum M_G = r m a$$

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

$$60 \text{ lb} (2.5 \text{ ft} + \cos 60^\circ) = 2.5 \text{ ft} + \sin 60^\circ \cdot 60 \text{ lb} \cdot a$$

$$\frac{60 \text{ lb} (2.5 \text{ ft} + \cos 60^\circ)}{2.5 \text{ ft} + \sin 60^\circ} = a$$

$$32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2 \frac{\cos 60^\circ}{\sin 60^\circ} = \boxed{13.6 \text{ ft/s}^2}$$

$$\sum F_y = m a_y \rightarrow 0$$

$$R_{Ay} - 60 \text{ lb} = 0$$

$$R_{Ay} = 60 \text{ lb}$$

$$\sum F_x = m a_x$$

$$R_{Ax} = \frac{60 \text{ lb}}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} \cdot 13.6 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$= 34.7 \text{ lb}$$

$$f = N \mu_s$$

$$34.7 \text{ lb} = 60 \text{ lb} \mu_s$$

$$\frac{34.7}{60 \text{ lb}} = \boxed{0.58 = \mu_s}$$